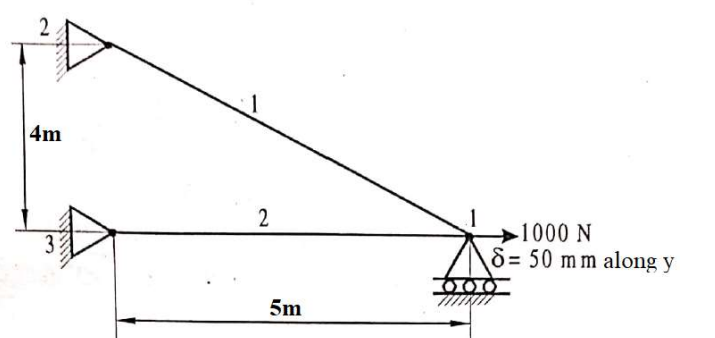
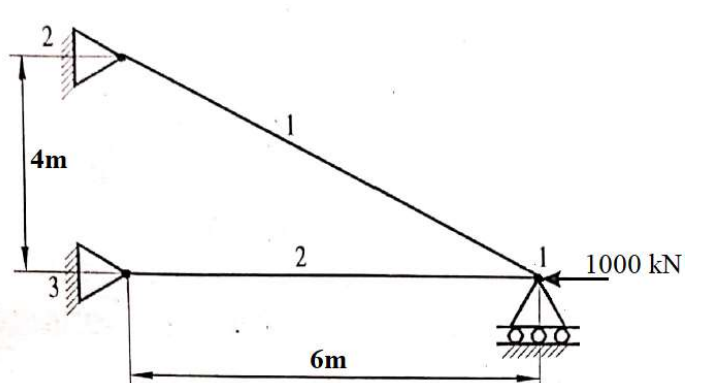


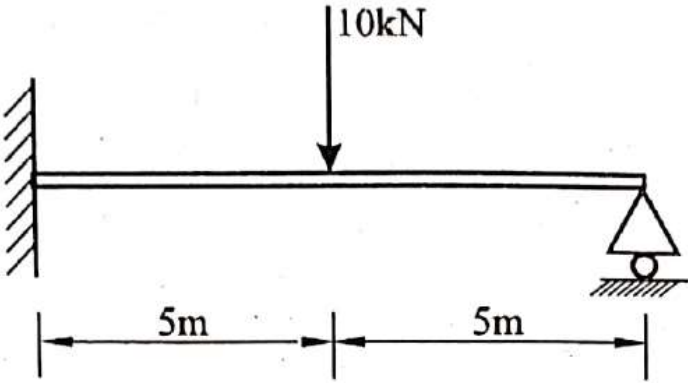
CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION- 2

Dept: ME	Sem / Div: 6 A	Sub: Finite Element Methods	S Code: 18ME61
Date: 24/06/2021	Time: 9:30 am -11:00 am	Max Marks: 50	Elective: N
Note: Answer any 2 full questions, choosing one full question from each part.			

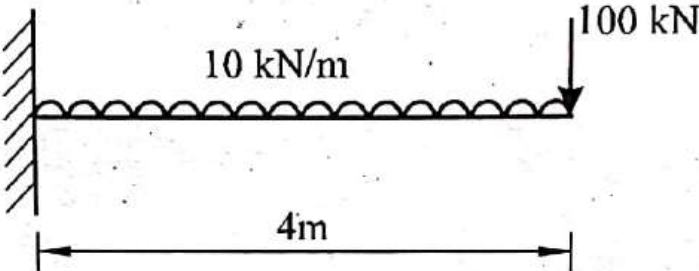
Q N	Questions	Marks	RBT	COs
PART A				
1 a	<p>For the two bar truss shown in the figure determine i) nodal displacement ii) Stresses in each elements. Assume $E = 200\text{GPa}$ and $A = 8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$ for each element.</p> 	18	L3	CO3
b	Write a brief note on types of trusses and the assumptions made.	7	L2	CO2
OR				
2 a	<p>For the two bar truss shown in the figure determine i) nodal displacement ii) Reaction forces at every nodes. Take $E = 210\text{GPa}$ and $A = 700\text{mm}^2$ for each element.</p> 	15	L3	CO3
b	Derive the stiffness for the truss element.	10	L3	CO2

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION- 2

PART B

3 a	<p>For beam element shown in the figure, determine the deflection under the given load. Take $E = 200\text{GPa}$ and $I = 5 \times 10^{-6} \text{m}^4$</p> 	15	L3	CO3
b	<p>Derive the stiffness matrix for the 1D beam element using Hermite shape functions.</p>	10	L3	CO2

OR

4 a	<p>For a uniform cross sectional cantilever beam as shown in the figure, determine the deflections at the nodes. Take $E = 7 \times 10^9 \text{Pa}$ and $I = 5 \times 10^{-4} \text{m}^4$</p> 	13	L3	CO3
b	<p>Derive the Hermite shape function for 1D beam element in natural coordinate system.</p>	12	L3	CO2